

**PIZZA
HUT,[®]
INC.
1972
Annual
Report**



HISTORICAL HIGHLIGHTS

1958

First Pizza Hut opened.
Founders — Daniel M. Carney, Frank L. Carney, John W. Bender.

1959

Incorporated in Kansas.
First franchise outlet opens in Topeka (Dick Hassur).

1962

Corporation buys out third partner (John W. Bender). Robert Chisholm joins as Treasurer.

1963

Standard design for huts is adopted — Architects—R. D. Burke and B. J. Kingdon

1968

PHI acquires capital stock of 129 franchise corporations.

1969

After meeting SEC requirements, 410,000 shares of common stock offered to the public on January 30. Acquired three additional restaurant divisions — Taco Kid, Next Door and Flaming Steer. Acquired two supply companies — Franchise Services, Inc., an equipment company, and J & G Food Co., Inc., a food and supply distributor.

1970

New International Headquarters formally opened in Wichita by Governor Robert B. Docking.
PHI opened first two units overseas — Munich, Germany and Sydney, Australia. Acquired 80% of Ready Italy and formed Sunflower Food Processors, Inc. as a joint venture with Sunflower Beef, Inc.



FISCAL 1972 HIGHLIGHTS

| | 1972 | 1971 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Total Revenue | \$44,559,050 | \$32,569,174 |
| Net Income | \$ 1,894,650 | \$ 1,286,780 |
| Per Share Income | \$.75 | \$.51 |
| Weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding | 2,526,265 | 2,504,724 |
| Working Capital | \$ 1,855,188 | \$ 99,035 |
| Total Assets | \$23,510,251 | \$16,679,407 |
| Stockholders' Equity | \$12,297,889 | \$ 9,581,470 |

FISCAL 1972 QUARTERLY REVIEW

| | 1972 | | | 1971 | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | Sales | Net | Earnings Per Share | Sales | Net | Earnings Per Share |
| FIRST QUARTER | | | | | | |
| Ended June 30 | \$ 8,840,105 | \$ 379,690 | \$.15 | \$ 6,765,635 | \$ 303,876 | \$.12 |
| SECOND QUARTER | | | | | | |
| Ended Sept. 30 | \$10,461,865 | \$ 506,666 | \$.20 | \$ 7,589,537 | \$ 382,836 | \$.15 |
| THIRD QUARTER | | | | | | |
| Ended Dec. 31 | \$11,503,152 | \$ 523,099 | \$.21 | \$ 8,107,408 | \$ 320,819 | \$.13 |
| FOURTH QUARTER | | | | | | |
| Ended March 31 | \$12,067,636 | \$ 485,195 | \$.19 | \$ 8,745,853 | \$ 279,249 | \$.11 |
| TOTAL | \$42,872,758 | \$1,894,650 | \$.75 | \$31,208,433 | \$1,286,780 | \$.51 |

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ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held at 9:00 A.M., Monday, August 28, 1972, in the Palm Room Holiday Inn Plaza, Wichita, Kansas. A formal notice of the meeting, together with proxy material, is being sent separately to shareholders.

CORPORATE DATA

Common Stock
Stock symbol: PIZA — Traded O-T-C — NASDAQ
Transfer Agents: First National City Bank, New York City, and First National Bank in Wichita
Registrars: Franklin National Bank, New York City, and First National Bank in Wichita

AUDITORS

Ernst & Ernst
Wichita, Kansas

CORPORATE OFFICES

10225 E. Kellogg
Wichita, Kansas 67207
Tel: (316) 685-4111
For additional information:
Farris S. Farha
Corporate Information

FIVE YEAR PIZZA HUT GROWTH

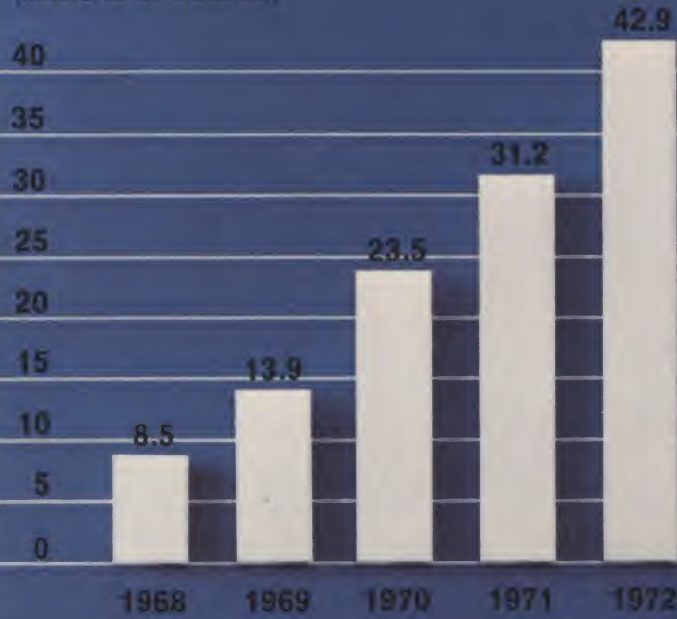


| At March 31, 1971 | Total Units Pizza Huts | Company Units Open | Franchise Units Open | Avg. Co. Annual Sales Per Unit |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1968 | 269 | 5 | 264 | \$ 98,023 |
| 1969 | 330 | 149 | 181 | 98,175 |
| 1970 | 522 | 218 | 304 | 101,975 |
| 1971 | 668 | 259 | 409 | 103,030 |
| 1972 | 855 | 359 | 496 | 112,567 |

| Units Under Construction or Leases Signed | At March 31, 1971 | At March 31, 1972 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Company | 35 | 42 |
| Franchisee | 52 | 71 |

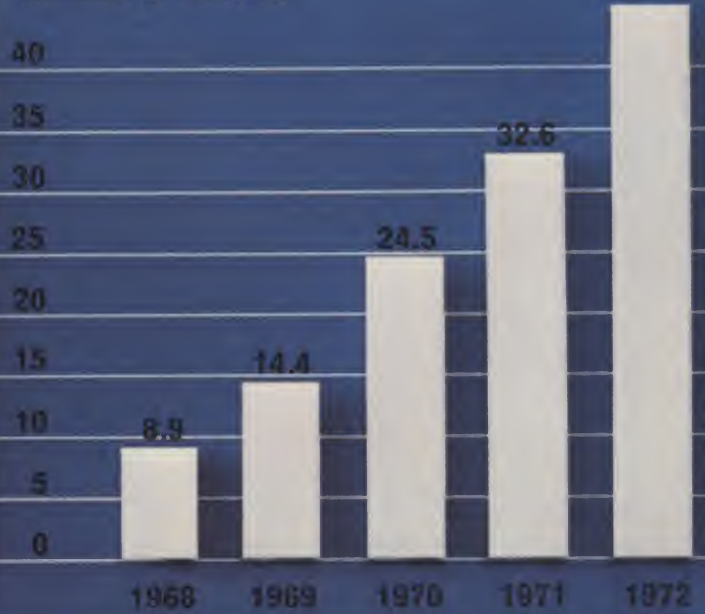
RETAIL SALES

(MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)



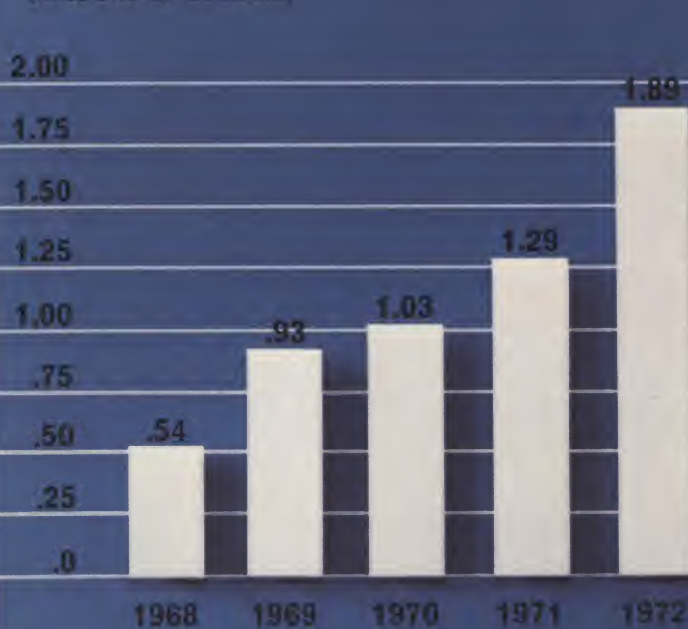
TOTAL REVENUE

(MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)

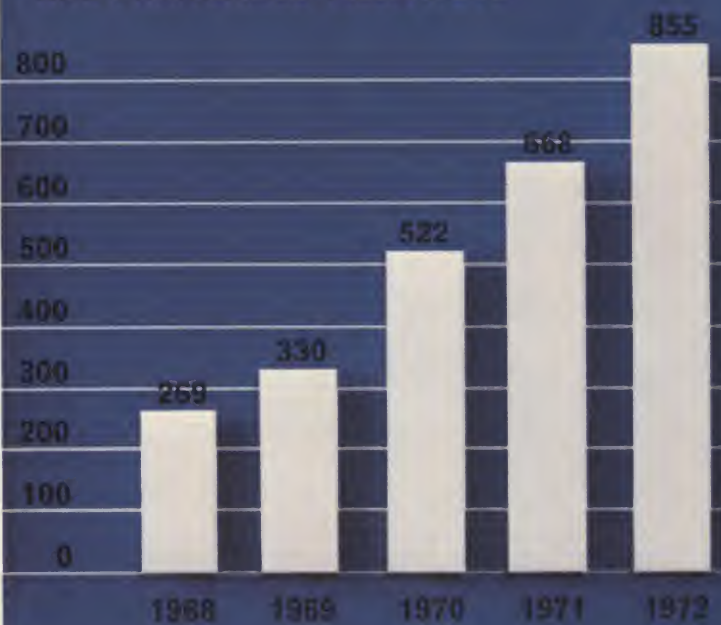


NET INCOME

(MILLIONS OF DOLLARS)



COMPANY OWNED AND FRANCHISED PIZZA HUTS



Board of Directors

James P. Schwartz, Vice President — Finance,
Frank L. Carney, President & Chief Executive
Officer, Daniel M. Carney, Chairman of the
Board, Martin T. Hart, Investments, G. E.
Engleman, Chairman of the Board, Union Bank
of Ft. Worth and First National Bank,
Hurst, Texas
Not pictured—Robert K. Chisholm,
Investments

REPORT TO THE STOCKHOLDERS



In 1972 Pizza Hut, Inc. became the leader in the fast food pizza field. Your company has long been the leader in number of units, but in 1972 PHI took the undisputed lead in total retail sales as well.

The move to the top was the result of having a good plan . . . and then working that plan. We focused immediate growth emphasis in the Pizza Hut Division where management and support systems were best able to springboard success and profitability. PHI continues to operate the other divisions, Taco Kid, Next Door and Flaming Steer, from existing areas until the related

management and support systems required for successful expansion are firmly established.

More specifically, the number of Pizza Huts increased to 855 while simultaneously higher volumes were achieved in existing units. The average annual sales for all company Pizza Huts were \$112,567, compared to \$103,030 in 1971. The increases in sales and units were important by-products of planning.

But just as important as the operating plan itself are the results of the plan — the overall profitability of the company. In this respect, fiscal 1972 was a good year. Total sales increased to \$42,872,758. Net income reached \$1,894,650. Earnings per share increased to 75¢ per share for 2,526,265 shares. The above figures show sales growth of 38%. Net income growth of 48%. Earnings per share growth of 47%.

During the year your management group focused its attention on the development of the 1973 operating plans, as well as the long term planning function so that both synchronized toward achieving the PHI goals.

This planning enabled us to realistically analyze our areas of problems and opportunities, and develop programs to

solve our problems and take optimum advantage of our opportunities.

A case in point is the market research program initiated to define a geographical marketing problem on the West Coast where retail sales have been behind the national average. Research into customer habits and buying attitudes indicated the need for a change in our marketing strategy. So, we instituted the change. Menus were expanded to include multiple toppings, the sandwich line was expanded to give a wider variety, and we added a larger size pizza to the current small and large selection.

The development of Pizza Hut retail units in foreign markets continues to be profitable and aggressive. The company plans to open additional Pizza Huts in Australia, West Germany, Canada, Mexico and England during fiscal 1973. To date these operations have been in the developmental stage and have not had a material effect on the revenues or net income of the company.

Another area of concentration is the expansion of the support divisions to match that of the Pizza Hut Division. Franchise Services, Inc., which is the distribution arm for the retail units; J & G



Products, which is the manufacturing division of the Company, and Sunflower Food Processors, Inc., which supplies cooked sausage and beef toppings, have all grown in capability in 1972.

Expansion of these divisions is important to your company because it has the dual advantage of adding to the profitability of each retail outlet, as well as making each subsidiary a profit center.

We are still experiencing excessive administrative costs for the Taco Kid, Next Door and Flaming Steer Divisions. Although their profit potential has improved somewhat, the improvement is due largely to the decision to halt further expansion until they achieve a firm operating foundation. The same operating procedure is planned for 1973. In addition, a program is underway to consolidate overhead in these divisions to reduce operating costs.

The Pizza Hut national advertising program is developing a strong product image throughout the United States, and your company continues to be the only pizza organization using national television. Our program, however, is lacking in "total merchandising". This will be improved in 1973 as we experiment with integrated merchandising programs which

will tie each retail location to the national advertising program through coordinated local advertising aids, posters, banners, placemats, etc. This new thrust into "total merchandising" and promotion will add the needed impetus to the national advertising program to expand the impact at the retail level.

We are continuing our program of developing better products and equipment through our Research and Development department, and better management through our training and human resources programs. To enable us to retain key personnel and attract quality employees, we have contracted with a specialized management consulting firm to study our overall compensation plan . . . so it will be internally equitable and externally competitive.

The new Ready Italy facility at Fargo, North Dakota is completed, but production has been delayed until its highly automated equipment has been thoroughly performance tested. Once in operation, the plant will have the capability to produce 100,000 pizza crusts per day which will be marketed for sale to frozen pizza manufacturers.

To enhance future expansion, we must retain our earnings as well as seek additional financing. A public offering of PHI Common Stock is planned in the near future and a Registration Statement was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 16, 1972. All of the net proceeds to be received by the company from the sale of the Common Stock to be offered will be used after December 31, 1972 for the acquisition of land and the construction of additional company-operated Huts. Application will be made to list PHI Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

I wish to thank you and our customers for your loyalty; our franchisees for their aggressiveness and cooperation; our employees and suppliers for their continued efforts, for this is what was responsible for our successful fiscal 1972 and causes us to look ahead with confidence.

Respectfully,

Frank L. Carney,
President &
Chief Executive Officer

PIZZA HUT

PIZZA HUT, INC. OPERATING DIVISIONS

The foundation of the company.

Pizza Hut, Inc. has become the largest fast food pizza operation in the world, both in the number of units and total retail sales.

Fiscal 1972 was a year of significant growth, with 188 additional retail units put into operation for a total of 855 units located in 43 states and 5 foreign countries.

But it can be misleading to consider 1972 in the confining facts and figures of one year's operation, regardless of how impressive they may be.

In 1972, construction was initiated on 52 new units which will become operational Pizza Huts in 1973. Leases were signed for 61 additional units which the Company anticipates will open in Fiscal 1973.

The support divisions continue to play an important part in the successful expansion of the Pizza Hut Division — as do the extensive research and development programs, training programs and the Franchisee Advisory Board.

The course of future expansion will be directed by the comprehensive marketing research programs of the Marketing Department.

This first priority program has detailed the specific demographics common to the most successful Pizza Hut locations. This information is being used to study the marketing areas where Pizza Huts are not currently in operation.

This businesslike approach to expansion will enhance each new operation's probability of success.

It is this integration of services and management expertise which contribute to Pizza Hut's popularity and profitability.



FRANCHISE SERVICES, INC.

Supply line to the field.

A fleet of road trucks, logging more than 700,000 miles yearly serve over 350 units each week. This constant, dependable link with quality food and equipment enables local Pizza Huts to maintain a minimum inventory level and eliminates the need for expensive commissary equipment and storage space. A competitive advantage that should add to the profitability of every Pizza Hut served.

The valuable services provided by Franchise Services, Inc. are among the key elements in the growing success of the Pizza Hut Division. Because it provides both company and franchised Huts, in all parts of the country, a convenient, competitively priced source of supply.

Franchise Services, Inc. also services outlets for Taco Kid Division, plus providing a limited number of specialty items for the Next Door and Flaming Steer Divisions.

J & G PRODUCTS COMPANY

Dual profitability through manufacturing

The J & G Products manufacturing facility has been increased to 30,000 sq. ft. and employs over 60 people.

This new level of maturity places the company in the fortunate position of being able to put its resources to work in supplying the Pizza Hut Division with a wide range of items too difficult or costly to obtain from other manufacturers.

This added dimensional capability is particularly important in view of the expanding markets and demanding needs of the retail operations. Utilization of these resources will allow greater contributions to the needs of Pizza Hut retail locations by lowering the cost of materials and supplies — and adding to their competitive/profitability picture.



REFINING NEW CONCEPTS

FLAMING STEER

The main area of study of the Flaming Steer program is the development, standardization and simplification of day to day operational techniques, and management expertise at the unit level.



TACO KID

The Taco Kid is undergoing the same study and management review as Next Door and Flaming Steer.



NEXT DOOR

The existing Next Door units are under the close supervision of home office management to study and systemize every facet of their operation in order to put every unit on a sound financial footing.



READY ITALY

Vertical diversification into the food industry is becoming a reality through the acquisition and growth of Ready Italy.

A new 16,000 sq. ft. manufacturing facility, incorporating new generation, highly automated production equipment specifically designed for Ready Italy, is scheduled to enter production in Fiscal 1973 and will have the capability of producing 100,000 pizza crusts per day for the frozen food industry.



FIVE YEAR SUMMARY

The Company is principally engaged in the development, operation, franchising and servicing of Pizza Huts, which are casual family restaurants primarily engaged in the sale of pizza for consumption on the premises. The Company also operates a limited number of Mexican food restaurants, charcoal broiled hamburger restaurants and steak restaurants. The Company also manufactures certain fixtures and supplies, processes cer-

tain pizza ingredients and purchases, warehouses and distributes equipment, supplies and food products for use in its Pizza Huts and sale to franchisees. The Company also owns 80% of Ready Italy, Inc., a manufacturer of frozen pizza pie crusts. Frozen crusts are not used in Pizza Huts, but are sold to manufacturers of frozen pizza pies.

| Fiscal Year Ended March 31, | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 1968 | | 1969 | | 1970 | | 1971 | | 1972 | |
| | (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Company operated Pizza Huts _____ | 8,365 | 94.3 | 13,320 | 92.4 | 19,941 | 81.2 | 24,838 | 76.2 | 34,017 | 76.3 |
| Product sales to franchisees _____ | 3 | — | 308 | 2.1 | 2,402 | 9.8 | 3,080 | 9.5 | 4,820 | 10.8 |
| Other restaurants _____ | 136 | 1.5 | 305 | 2.1 | 1,116 | 4.5 | 2,879 | 8.8 | 3,663 | 8.3 |
| Frozen pizza pie crusts _____ | — | — | — | — | — | — | 411 | 1.3 | 373 | .8 |
| Franchise fees: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Initial _____ | 138 | 1.6 | 181 | 1.3 | 505 | 2.1 | 430 | 1.3 | 502 | 1.1 |
| Continuing _____ | 234 | 2.6 | 297 | 2.1 | 577 | 2.4 | 931 | 2.9 | 1,184 | 2.7 |
| | 8,876 | 100.0 | 14,411 | 100.0 | 24,541 | 100.0 | 32,569 | 100.0 | 44,559 | 100.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution to income: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Company operated Pizza Huts _____ | 659 | 61.6 | 2,149 | 81.4 | 2,210 | 62.9 | 3,611 | 83.2 | 5,503 | 83.5 |
| Product sales to franchisees _____ | — | — | 24 | .9 | 331 | 9.4 | 98 | 2.3 | 468 | 7.1 |
| Other restaurants & excess property costs _____ | 38 | 3.6 | (10) | (.4) | (109) | (3.1) | (745) | (17.2) | (995) | (15.1) |
| Frozen pizza pie crusts _____ | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16 | .4 | (72) | (1.1) |
| Franchise fees: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Initial _____ | 138 | 12.9 | 181 | 6.9 | 505 | 14.4 | 430 | 9.9 | 502 | 7.6 |
| Continuing _____ | 234 | 21.9 | 297 | 11.2 | 577 | 16.4 | 931 | 21.4 | 1,184 | 18.0 |
| | 1,069 | 100.0 | 2,641 | 100.0 | 3,514 | 100.0 | 4,341 | 100.0 | 6,590 | 100.0 |

The above table sets forth, for each of these activities, the respective amounts and percentages of revenues and of contribution to consolidated income before general and administrative expenses attributable to the home office, interest expense and income taxes. The Company believes that allocating such expenses, interest and taxes would be arbitrary due to the close relationship and interdependency of all of the Company's activities. Expenses (other than general and administrative ex-

penses attributable to the home office, interest expenses and income taxes) related to "Franchise fees" have been allocated to "Company-operated Pizza Huts".

The above table includes for all periods the sales by businesses acquired by the Company since March 31, 1967 in transactions accounted for as poolings of interest and eliminates intercompany transactions.

1972 NATIONAL ADVERTISING PROGRAM

Reader's Digest. NCAA Basketball. Daytime Network Television. The Tonight Show. NCAA Football. This is the I.P.H.F.H.A. National Media Schedule for Pizza Hut in 1972. 18,000,000 copies of the magazine and over 550,000,000 television home impressions! Reader's Digest and all of the television programs were selected with another objective other than their big numbers — their ability to reach Pizza Hut's primary audience.

Again in 1972, Pizza Hut advertising materials have been designed to emphasize this message:

WE SERVE MORE PIZZA THAN ANYONE ELSE IN THE WORLD

INTERNATIONAL PIZZA HUT FRANCHISE HOLDERS ASSOCIATION

Daniel Hesse,
Association Director

Michael L. Stegman,
Association Administrator

Directors:

Virgil Boll, Franchisee,
Houston, Texas
Vic Bonat, Franchisee,
Annandale, Virginia
Bernie Butler, Franchisee,
Manhattan, Kansas
Jamie Coulter, Franchisee,
Wichita, Kansas
Chuck Quinette, Franchisee,
San Bernardino, California
Dave Remmert, Franchisee,
Evansville, Indiana
Ken Miller, PHI Representative,
Corporate Office

Watch Rich Little and friends on ABC, CBS and NBC-TV.

PIZZA HUT

Reader's

60s

This Road Can
Northern Irish
The Importance
Now—The Way
Teeth for the R
Going Home
He Manages the
Night of the H
Jodi and the H
Ways to Keep Y
How Organized

A Little Surpr
Everybody Like

The Secret of a
Least Boy on C
The Champ Jo
Wait a Minute

The Human Cy
On Say Can
Why We Must

You Can Stop
The Enduring F
Season Warning

Watch Out for
Stealing The M
The Fantabulos
Other Piece of A

Book! Five
Cautions!

Have You an
From the World
It Pays to Live
Treated More P
Compan Comed
Issue, 134

His year: Over

Here's
\$100
for you
to find out
why.

\$1.00 OFF on any large
Pizza Hut Pizza. Coupon
good at any participating
Hut during January, 1973.
Check the
phonebook
for the Pizza
Hut nearest
you.

The Pizza Huts serve
more pizza than
anyone else in
the world.

PIZZA
HUT



a menu ad, and will also provide
clues on the market.

In most cases, common sense dic-
tates where to place your ad. For ex-
ample, a house painter looking for
work near his home should try the
local weekly. By the same token, do
not limit your thinking to news-
papers. The logical spot for this ad—

FOR SALE: Baby stroller by Mother
new out of hospital showing was instead of
pushing him. \$100.

—may well be a shopping center's
bulletin board. Club notes, display
space in company lounges, school
publications and church newsletters
can also be utilized in seeking your
most relevant audience.

Shake hands with your reader.
"Want ads," says Frank W. Lester,

classified director for the Los An-
geles Times, which annually prints
more than three million such ads,
"are basically funnels for direct op-
eration-to-person communication."
Some of the best want ads are, in
fact, like short notes in a good journal.
One home for sale ad was headli-

Owner Reasonable Lakes Tahoe at \$100
\$100 Down

The seller wanted customers to
know that he would haggle the final
price as long as he got \$100 for
equity.

A Milwaukee Journal wanted
booklet says, "In business, I am
before 1." And the Journal's class-
ified ad manager, Fred Grabow, re-
commends: "Analyze honestly what
you have to offer, visualize who will

HOW TO WRITE A GOOD WANT AD

be interested, and then have your ad
stress what will appeal most to this
person."

Being clear, simple and as specific
as you can is more important than
being clever. An Indiana survey dis-
closed that 45 percent of readers were
critical of real-estate want ads for
not telling them enough. Such re-
sults may affect results. Indeed,
the Bureau of Advertising of the
American Newspaper Publishers
Association ran tests which con-
cluded that ads with the "seven
basic facts" on properties are twice
as productive as those without one
or more of them.

*In order of importance: Location, number
of rooms, price and income sought, age, con-
dition, and time of listing.

Emphasize the advantages in your
ad. Including a price is one means of
doing that. If you do not know what
to ask, other want ads in your clas-
sification will tell you what else is on
the market and for how much.
Banks and newspapers can often
provide you the book value on a used
car. Some owners pay for property
appraisals as a solid basis on which
to set a price.

The word "firm" on your price
may discourage inquiries. One man
subtly invited bids on his home by
saying he was "talking \$80,000—ulti-
mately." If you do not care to mention
price, taking refuge behind the word
"sacrifice" is meaningless; readers
are far more interested in what they
may be getting than in your hard-



Here's
another
\$100

\$1.00 OFF on any large
Pizza Hut Pizza. Coupon
good at any participating
Hut during February, 1973.



You'll
enjoy the
easy clean-
up and
appreciate the
convenience of
having your order
taken and served by an
amiable waiter. But our
price is what's really made
us famous. Spend some of our
money and a
little of your
time to find
out why.

PIZZA HUT
NCAA BASKETBALL
ON NBC-TV

Watch
NCAA Football
on
ABC-TV

PRE-GAME SHOW
and
COLLEGE
FOOTBALL
HIGHLIGHTS
Brought to You
by
PIZZA HUT

HIGH
NOON

SPEND THE
EVENING WITH THE
YOUR GANG...
PIZZA HUT

THE BIG MONTH
SPECIAL
\$10.00
PIZZA HUT

Bring your
family together
for only \$10.00 at the
PIZZA HUT.

FOR THE TOWN
THAT HAS
PIZZA HUT

COME...
to the
HUT.
PIZZA HUT

PIZZA HUT FRANCHISEES.....



P.H.I. secretaries register arriving franchisees and company personnel for Annual Franchise Meeting.



Another function of the Annual Franchise Meeting was a well attended banquet for all participants.



Franchisees, suppliers and company people relax during break between sessions.

Jerry Van Dyke entertains attendees of 1972 Annual Franchise Meeting.



THE FOUNDATION FOR SUCCESS!



Howard Wilkins, President and Chief Executive Officer of General Resources, Inc. holds staff conference. G.R.C. is the largest Pizza Hut franchisee group, with more than 80 operating units.

Pizza Hut franchisees are a diverse group of independent businessmen who have made possible the accelerated growth of Pizza Hut, Inc. They bring to the organization active involvement in the local market, as well as much needed knowledge of local marketing conditions.

Operating 496 retail Pizza Huts in 43 states and 3 foreign countries, the Pizza Hut franchisees provide the broad foundation that allows aggressive growth in many marketing areas at the same time. But, every franchisee maintains operational ownership in every retail unit in his territory.

The profile of a Pizza Hut franchisee is unique to the industry. The typical franchisee is a multiple unit operator with huts in a diverse geographical area and thus incurs the same business problems and opportunities as Pizza Hut, Inc. Of the 496 franchise units, less than 30 are singly owned and operated, while the ten largest franchisee groups operate over 200 stores and are firms of substantial size and financial means. Their management know how, coupled with their total involvement, is a primary contributor to their high level of success.

Regular communication with the franchise organization is through annual meetings, the Franchise Advisory Board, (a representative group of franchisees that meets quarterly to act as a sounding board for company policies and programs) and the quarterly visits by company personnel to each franchisee unit.

Over 90% of the franchisees belong to the International Pizza Hut Franchise Holders Association — which is an organization formed to develop and fund national advertising programs . . . as well as provide added benefits to the members, such as group and casualty insurance programs.

The aggressiveness of the Pizza Hut franchisee organization is unparalleled in the pizza industry. And it is this rapport and cooperation, both with the parent company and between themselves, which is responsible for the continuing success of the Pizza Hut franchise system.



Dale Wiggins, President and Gary Davis, Vice President of Franchise Services, Inc. (a wholly owned P.H.I. subsidiary) showing franchisees Ken Wagnon and Jamie Coulter a dough mixer modified to Pizza Hut specifications.



Representative session of 1972 Annual Franchisee Meeting.

PIZZA HUT, INC./CURRENT LOCATIONS



COMPANY OWNED AND FRANCHISED PIZZA HUTS — INTERNATIONAL

The 28 company and franchised international units are located in Mexico, Canada, Costa Rica, Australia and Germany.



COMPANY OWNED AND FRANCHISED PIZZA HUTS — U.S.A.

The 827 company and franchised Pizza Huts serve our customers in 43 states including Hawaii and Alaska.

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED INCOME

Years ended March 31
1972 1971

PIZZA HUT, INC.
AND
DOMESTIC
SUBSIDIARIES

| | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Net sales _____ | \$42,872,758 | \$31,208,433 |
| Cost of sales _____ | 14,890,677 | 11,221,631 |
| | <u>27,982,081</u> | <u>19,986,802</u> |
| Initial franchise fees _____ | 502,000 | 429,534 |
| Continuing franchise fees _____ | 1,184,292 | 931,207 |
| Equity in net income of unconsolidated foreign subsidiaries and minority owned affiliates — Note A _____ | 158,989 | |
| | <u>29,827,362</u> | <u>21,347,543</u> |
| Selling, general, and administrative expenses _____ | 26,056,434 | 19,163,790 |
| | <u>3,770,928</u> | <u>2,183,753</u> |
| Other income (including interest: 1972 — \$127,610 and 1971 — \$116,227) _____ | 353,498 | 267,717 |
| | <u>4,124,426</u> | <u>2,451,470</u> |
| Interest expense _____ | 392,776 | 308,359 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEM _____ | 3,731,650 | 2,143,111 |
| Federal and state income taxes — Note D | | |
| Current _____ | 1,719,000 | 803,331 |
| Deferred _____ | 118,000 | 266,000 |
| | <u>1,837,000</u> | <u>1,069,331</u> |
| INCOME BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEM _____ | 1,894,650 | 1,073,780 |
| Extraordinary item — reduction in income taxes resulting from the carry-forward of net operating losses _____ | | 213,000 |
| NET INCOME _____ | <u>\$ 1,894,650</u> | <u>\$ 1,286,780</u> |
| Net income per share of Common Stock — Note E | | |
| Net income before extraordinary item _____ | \$.75 | \$.43 |
| Extraordinary item _____ | | .08 |
| Net income _____ | <u>\$.75</u> | <u>\$.51</u> |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

March 31
1972 1971

PIZZA HUT, INC.
AND
DOMESTIC
SUBSIDIARIES

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

| | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Cash | \$ 2,234,591 | \$ 965,700 |
| Marketable securities — at cost which approximates market | 1,100,000 | |
| Trade and other receivables — less allowance of \$65,000 in 1972 and \$60,000 in 1971 | 1,405,108 | 2,014,183 |
| Inventories — at lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market | 1,608,569 | 1,168,477 |
| Prepaid expenses | 233,253 | 230,624 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 6,581,521 | 4,378,984 |

OTHER ASSETS

| | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Investment in and advances to foreign subsidiaries and minority owned affiliates — Note A | 1,033,732 | 290,984 |
| Miscellaneous deposits and accounts | 622,828 | 644,588 |
| Notes receivable (less allowance of \$50,000 in 1972) | 564,723 | 430,375 |
| Note receivable from officer | | 70,000 |
| Cost in excess of net assets of businesses acquired — Notes A and C | 1,389,733 | 566,420 |
| Patents, service marks, and franchises — Note C | 406,614 | 110,407 |
| | 4,017,630 | 2,112,774 |

PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT — on the basis of cost — Notes B and C

| | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|
| Land | 2,244,102 | 2,346,115 |
| Buildings and improvements | 1,753,894 | 1,646,565 |
| Operating equipment | 6,652,684 | 4,120,862 |
| Leasehold improvements | 3,674,590 | 1,843,717 |
| Construction in progress (estimated cost to complete — \$20,000 in 1972) | 791,856 | 386,607 |
| Cash and investments appropriated for completion of construction in progress | | 594,971 |
| Allowances for depreciation and amortization (deduction) | (3,002,982) | (1,579,420) |
| | 12,114,144 | 9,359,417 |

DEFERRED CHARGES — NOTE C

| | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Unamortized debt expense | 103,534 | |
| Unamortized organization and reorganization expenses | 353,654 | 418,613 |
| Deferred income taxes — Note D | 164,000 | 282,000 |
| Unamortized deferred site development costs | 175,768 | 127,619 |
| | 796,956 | 828,232 |
| | \$23,510,251 | \$16,679,407 |

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

| | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Notes payable | | |
| To banks | \$ 248,545 | \$ 1,344,677 |
| To others | 28,593 | 462,078 |
| Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses | 2,253,354 | 1,695,639 |
| Income taxes — Note D | 1,316,392 | 518,995 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 879,449 | 258,560 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 4,726,333 | 4,279,949 |

LONG-TERM DEBT — Note B

| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| | 5,967,646 | 2,301,988 |
|--|-----------|-----------|

DEFERRED INITIAL FRANCHISE FEE INCOME

| | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| | 518,383 | 516,000 |
|--|---------|---------|

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY — Note E

| | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Common Stock | 25,752 | 25,173 |
| Other capital | 341,524 | 341,524 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 7,191,006 | 6,369,816 |
| Retained earnings | 4,739,607 | 2,844,957 |
| | 12,297,889 | 9,581,470 |

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES — Note F

| | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| | \$23,510,251 | \$16,679,407 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years ended March 31, 1972, and March 31, 1971

PIZZA HUT, INC.
AND
DOMESTIC
SUBSIDIARIES

| | Common Stock | | Other Capital | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Treasury Stock |
|--|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | | |
| Balance at April 1, 1970: | | | | | | |
| As previously reported | 2,506,903 | \$25,069 | \$341,524 | \$6,315,909 | \$1,529,188 | \$ (138) |
| Adjustment for acquisition of pooled company | 7,583 | 76 | | 5,924 | (8,050) | |
| As restated | 2,514,486 | 25,145 | 341,524 | 6,321,833 | 1,521,138 | (138) |
| Treasury stock (13,791 shares) sold to an officer | | | | 32,823 | 37,039 | 138 |
| Acquisition of purchased companies | 2,750 | 28 | | 15,098 | | |
| Sale of stock options for 250 shares | | | | 62 | | |
| Net income | | | | | 1,286,780 | |
| BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 1971 | 2,517,236 | 25,173 | 341,524 | 6,369,816 | 2,844,957 | |
| Acquisition of purchased companies — Note A | 53,846 | 538 | | 699,459 | | |
| Sale of warrants to purchase 52,500 shares — Note B | | | | 78,750 | | |
| Exercise of employee stock options — Note E | 4,088 | 41 | | 38,304 | | |
| Amounts received under employee stock option plan to preserve options previously granted | | | | 4,677 | | |
| Net income | | | | | 1,894,650 | |
| BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 1972 | 2,575,170 | \$25,752 | \$341,524 | \$7,191,006 | \$4,739,607 | \$ — |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION

Years ended March 31
1972 1971

PIZZA HUT, INC.
AND
DOMESTIC
SUBSIDIARIES

SOURCE OF FUNDS

| | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Income before extraordinary item | \$1,894,650 | \$1,073,780 |
| Charges to income not affecting funds: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,551,407 | 685,572 |
| Decrease in deferred income taxes | 118,000 | 266,000 |
| Equity in net income of unconsolidated foreign subsidiaries and minority owned affiliates | (158,989) | |
| TOTAL FROM OPERATIONS, EXCLUSIVE OF EXTRAORDINARY ITEM | 3,405,068 | 2,025,352 |
| Extraordinary item | | 213,000 |
| TOTAL FROM OPERATIONS | 3,405,068 | 2,238,352 |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | 4,793,464 | 1,227,489 |
| Disposals of property, plant, and equipment | 796,997 | 2,596,615 |
| Sale of treasury stock (13,791 shares) | | 70,000 |
| Issuance of Common Stock and Common Stock warrants | 814,692 | 15,126 |
| Other items | 9,460 | 62 |
| | <u>9,819,681</u> | <u>6,147,644</u> |

APPLICATION OF FUNDS

| | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| Acquisition of assets of businesses purchased: | | |
| Property, plant, and equipment | 1,795,534 | 97,308 |
| Franchise rights and other assets | 378,123 | 84,742 |
| Cost in excess of net assets acquired | 859,994 | 104,345 |
| Long-term debt assumed | (345,833) | (138,420) |
| | <u>2,687,818</u> | <u>147,975</u> |
| Additions to property, plant, and equipment | 3,159,836 | 4,546,520 |
| Reduction of long-term debt | 1,473,639 | 320,758 |
| Decrease in deferred initial franchise fees | | 527,625 |
| Investments in and advances to unconsolidated foreign subsidiaries and minority owned affiliates | 583,759 | 174,063 |
| Other items | 158,476 | 216,397 |
| | <u>8,063,528</u> | <u>5,933,338</u> |
| INCREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL | \$1,756,153 | \$ 214,306 |

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN WORKING CAPITAL BY COMPONENT

| | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| Cash | \$1,268,891 | \$ 89,481 |
| Marketable securities | 1,100,000 | |
| Trade and other receivables | (609,075) | 273,120 |
| Inventories | 440,092 | 213,965 |
| Prepaid expenses | 2,629 | (62,910) |
| Notes payable and current portion of long-term debt | 908,728 | (518,784) |
| Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses | (557,715) | (215,437) |
| Income taxes | (797,397) | 434,871 |
| INCREASE IN WORKING CAPITAL | \$1,756,153 | \$ 214,306 |

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 1972, and March 31, 1971

PIZZA HUT, INC. AND DOMESTIC SUBSIDIARIES

NOTE A — CONSOLIDATION POLICIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all domestic subsidiaries after elimination of significant intercompany accounts and transactions. At March 31, 1972, investments in wholly-owned subsidiaries in Australia, Canada, West Germany, and Mexico (\$78,009) and in minority owned affiliates in Houston, Texas, and Wichita, Kansas (\$279,093), are carried at cost plus equity in net income from date of acquisition. In 1971 and prior financial statements, these investments were carried at cost. The 1971 and prior financial statements have not been restated to reflect this change in accounting method because the effect on those financial statements would be immaterial.

The Canadian and Mexican subsidiaries were purchased during 1972 at a cost of \$520,145. At the date of acquisition, the Company's cost in these subsidiaries exceeded its equity in the subsidiaries' net assets by \$143,148. This amount is included in investments in and advances to foreign subsidiaries and is being amortized over a 40-year life.

During 1972 the Company acquired 36 Pizza Hut restaurants and 15 other pizza restaurants in transactions accounted for as purchases. The cost of these units was \$1,699,013 including 53,846 shares of the Company's Common Stock valued at \$699,998. The Company's cost in these units exceeded the value of net assets obtained in the acquisitions by \$859,994. This excess cost is being amortized over a forty-year life. The operations of these units have been included in the accompanying statement of consolidated income from the dates of acquisition. Following are consolidated results of operations of the Company on a pro forma basis as though the above units had combined at the beginning of 1971:

| | 1972 | 1971 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Net sales | \$45,362,880 | \$36,342,669 |
| Income before extraordinary item | 2,002,600 | 1,121,670 |
| Net income | 2,002,600 | 1,334,670 |
| Net income per share of Common Stock | \$.78 | \$.52 |

During the year ended March 31, 1972, all the outstanding Common Stock of a company operating one Pizza Hut was acquired for 7,583 shares of the Company's Common Stock. This transaction was treated for accounting purposes as a pooling of interests and accordingly the accounts of the acquired company (which are immaterial in amount) have been included in the consolidated financial statements for the entire year ended March 31, 1972, and 1971 has been restated.

NOTE B — LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of long-term debt:

| | 1972 | 1971 |
|--|-------------|------|
| 8¾% Senior Notes due 1987. Face value \$1,500,000 (less a discount of \$78,750 attributable to warrants resulting in an effective interest rate of 9⅓%) payable in annual installments of \$150,000 beginning in March, 1977 | \$1,421,250 | |
| Notes payable to banks in quarterly installments of \$100,000 plus interest at 1¼% over prime rate to December, 1976 | 1,900,000 | |

| | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Mortgage notes payable in monthly installments of \$18,691, including interest at rates from 5% to 12% maturing at various dates through 1991. Land, buildings, and leasehold improvements with a carrying value of \$2,362,000 have been mortgaged as collateral | \$1,374,351 | \$1,206,352 |
| Capitalized lease obligation payable through 1985 in increasing monthly installments including interest from 7½% to 8¼% | 975,000 | 975,000 |
| Equipment notes payable in monthly installments of \$16,301, including interest at rates of 4¾% to 11% maturing at various dates through 1975. Equipment with a carrying value of \$612,000 has been mortgaged as collateral | 301,071 | 137,536 |
| 8% notes, due in September, 1976, convertible into shares of the Company's Common Stock at the rate of \$8.50 per share | 250,000 | |
| Other unsecured notes payable in monthly installments of \$10,555 plus interest at rates of 6% to 10.85% maturing at various dates through 1977 | 625,423 | 241,660 |
| | <u>6,847,095</u> | <u>2,560,548</u> |
| Less amounts due within one year | <u>879,449</u> | <u>258,560</u> |
| | <u>\$5,967,646</u> | <u>\$2,301,988</u> |

The 8¾% Senior Note purchase agreement provides for the Company to issue an additional \$1,000,000 of Senior Notes by September 29, 1972. Warrants to purchase 52,500 shares of the Company's Common Stock at \$9.25 a share have been issued in conjunction with this agreement, and warrants to purchase an additional 35,000 shares at \$9.25 a share will be issued upon issuance of the additional \$1,000,000 of Senior Notes.

The Company has agreed, under certain long-term debt agreements, to maintain working capital of \$700,000 and to maintain a current ratio of at least 1.2 to 1. On April 1, 1972, these restrictions increased to \$950,000 and 1.35 to 1, respectively. The agreements also contain certain restrictions which, among other things, prohibit the payment of dividends at March 31, 1972.

NOTE C — DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION POLICIES

Provision for depreciation of buildings and equipment was made on a basis considered adequate to amortize the cost of depreciable assets over their estimated useful lives by the straight-line and accelerated methods. Leasehold improvements are amortized by the straight-line method. Depreciation expense amounted to \$1,403,646 in 1972 and \$579,047 in 1971.

The cost in excess of net assets acquired in business combinations accounted for as purchases prior to October 31, 1970, was not amortized, since in the opinion of management, there has been no diminution in value. Amounts acquired after October 31, 1970, were amortized over a forty-year life. Franchise rights were amortized over a fifteen-year life. Organization and reorganization costs were amortized over five and fifteen-year lives, respectively. Deferred site development costs were amortized over a five-year life. All amortization was determined using the straight-line method and amounted to \$147,761 in 1972 and \$106,525 in 1971.

NOTE D — INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes arise primarily from the deferral of initial franchise fee income for accounting purposes until the related retail unit has been opened by the franchisee, partially offset in 1972 by certain expenditures which were deferred in arriving at book income but deducted in arriving at taxable income.

Investment tax credits, which have been accounted for using the flow-through method, amounted to approximately \$116,000 and \$4,000 in the years ended March 31, 1972, and 1971, respectively.

NOTE E — CAPITAL STOCK

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of \$0.01 par value Common Stock and 1,000,000 shares of \$0.01 par value Preferred Stock. None of the Preferred Stock has been issued.

At March 31, 1972, employee options to acquire 52,582 shares of the Company's Common Stock were outstanding at prices varying from \$9.38 to \$20.56. Of these options, 10,822 were exercisable at \$9.38. Options to acquire 4,088 shares at \$9.38 were exercised during the year ended March 31, 1972. None had been exercised previously.

Under the terms of a deferred compensation agreement, a director of the Company will be granted options to acquire an amount of the Company's Common Stock at \$6.50 per share. The number of shares covered by these options accumulates until 1976 based on the extent of consulting services rendered by the director. At March 31, 1972, options to purchase 1579 shares were outstanding under this agreement and approximately \$10,000 compensation expenses had been charged to income.

At March 31, 1972, Common Stock was reserved as follows:

| | Shares |
|--|----------------|
| Conversion of 8% convertible notes | 29,412 |
| Employee stock option plan | 95,912 |
| Warrants to purchase Common Stock at \$9.25 a share | 87,500 |
| Options under director's deferred compensation agreement | 9,741 |
| | <u>222,565</u> |

The effect of conversion or exercise of the outstanding rights to acquire Common Stock was not included in the computation of earnings per share since the resulting dilution was immaterial.

NOTE F — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At March 31, 1972, the Company and subsidiaries were lessees under long-term building and equipment leases expiring through 2008. These leases require average minimum rentals (exclusive of real estate taxes, maintenance, and insurance payments required by some of the leases) in the periods ending March 31 as follows:

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 1973 - 1975 | \$4,474,180 |
| 1976 - 1980 | 3,841,837 |
| 1981 - 1985 | 3,088,679 |
| 1986 - 1990 | 1,809,680 |
| 1991 - 2008 | 92,883 |

At March 31, 1972, as a result of various transactions, the Company was guarantor of lease commitments of certain franchisees. The annual and aggregate commitments under these guarantees is summarized as follows:

| Transaction | Annual Commitment | Aggregate Commitment |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Guaranteed for a fee | \$387,474 | \$ 5,954,046 |
| Minority owned interests | 244,004 | 3,595,327 |
| Resulting from sales to franchisees | 202,726 | 2,777,082 |
| | <u>\$834,204</u> | <u>\$12,326,455</u> |

The Company is a party to pending or threatened lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its business. While it is not possible to forecast the results of these matters, it is management's opinion that the outcome of these lawsuits will not result in a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

NOTE G — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to March 31, 1972, the Company acquired, in exchange for 248,595 shares of its Common Stock, 21 operating Pizza Huts in transactions which will be treated for accounting purposes as poolings of interests. On a consolidated basis, after giving retroactive effect to these acquisitions, the net sales, net income, and net income per share for the years ended March 31, 1972, and 1971 will be as follows:

| | March 31 1972 | 1971 |
|--|------------------|--------------|
| Net sales | \$45,677,776 | \$32,365,572 |
| Net income | 2,117,346 | 1,328,063 |
| Net income per share of Common Stock | \$.76 | \$.49 |

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Stockholders and Board of Directors
Pizza Hut, Inc.
Wichita, Kansas

We have examined the consolidated financial statements of Pizza Hut, Inc. and its domestic subsidiaries for the years ended March 31, 1972, and 1971. Our examinations were made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet and statements of income, stockholders' equity, and changes in financial position present fairly the consolidated financial position of Pizza Hut, Inc. and its domestic subsidiaries at March 31, 1972 and 1971, and the consolidated results of their operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and changes in financial position for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis except for the change (in which we concur) in the method of accounting for investments in foreign subsidiaries and minority owned affiliates as described in Note A to the consolidated financial statements.

Wichita, Kansas
June 1, 1972

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Frank L. Carney,
President & Chief Executive
Officer
James P. Schwartz,
Vice President - Finance

Robert E. Cressler,
Vice President - Operations
Robert L. Logsden,
Vice President - Food Processing

Daniel J. Taylor,
Treasurer & Chief Accounting
Officer

Gerald T. Aaron,
Secretary & General Counsel

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Daniel M. Carney,
Chairman of the Board
Frank L. Carney,
President & Chief Executive
Officer

Robert K. Chisholm,
Investments
Martin T. Hart,
Investments

James P. Schwartz,
Vice President - Finance

G. E. Engleman,
Chairman of the Board, Union
Bank of Ft. Worth and First
National Bank, Hurst, Texas

EXECUTIVE PERSONNEL

Accounting
Daniel J. Taylor, Director
Max Sutton, Controller

Construction
Gene W. Danitschek, Director

Corporate Information
Farris S. Farha, Director

Real Estate Development
John H. Songer, Director
Theodore A. Swan, Assistant
Director

Franchise
Kenneth R. Miller, Director

Legal
Gerald T. Aaron, General Counsel
Albert J. Kirk, Assoc. House
Counsel

Management Information Services

Robert J. Navrat, Director
Hal W. McCoy, Manager of
Systems and Programming
Phil Whiteman, Manager of
EDP Operations

Marketing
Kenneth R. Miller, Director

Office Services
Lois Bird, Director

Operations, Domestic
Pizza

Darrel L. Rolph, Director
James E. O'Donnell, Assistant
Director of Operations
South Central - Ronald G.
Williams

North Central - Larry L. Strahm
Northeast - James W. Tucker
Western - H. Roger Karolick
Southeast - Richard M. Bennett

Flaming Steer
James J. Aboud, Director
Taco Kid
Jim McNeerney, Director

Next Door

Larry F. Payne, Director
Operations, Foreign
Joseph P. Flynn, Director
Jack L. Shelton, Assistant
Director

Personnel/Administrative Services
Farris F. Farha, Director

Research and Development
M. Hal Taylor, PhD, Director

Training
William J. Walsh, Director

SUBSIDIARIES

Franchise Services, Inc.
Dale E. Wiggins, President
Gary A. Davis, Vice President
Larry Fugate, Vice President

J & G Products, Inc.
Larry F. Payne, President

Ready Italy, Inc.
Gene Cortese, President

INTERNATIONAL SUBSIDIARIES

Pizza Hut Australia Pty. Ltd.
James McPeak, Managing
Director

**Pizza Hutte, GmbH (West
Germany)**
Frank Gordon, Managing Director
Stanley T. Ostrowski, Director of
Operations

**Pizza Hut Del Distrito,
S. A. de C. V. (Mexico)**
Joel Trevino, Managing Director

**Central Development of
Montreal, Ltd. (Canada)**
Randall Ferris, Managing Director

JOINT VENTURE

Sunflower Food Processors, Inc.
John Reed, President

PIZZA HUT PEOPLE / CORPORATE



Albert J. Kirk, Associate House Counsel and Gerald T. Aaron, General Counsel.

John H. Songer, Director Real Estate Development, Gene W. Danitschek, Director Construction



Accounting Section



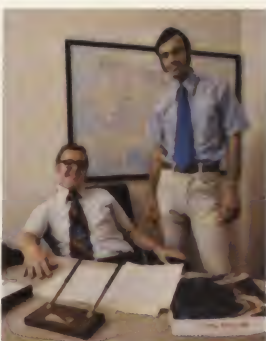
Robert A. Geist, former Regional Manager and H. Roger Karolick, Western Regional Manager

Janice M. Klish, Insurance Section



Daniel J. Taylor, Director Accounting, Robert J. Navrat, Director Management Information Services

Larry L. Strahm, North Central Regional Manager and James W. Tucker, Northeast Regional Manager





Robert L. Logsden,
Vice President,
Food Processing

Richard M. Bennett,
Southeast Regional
Manager; James E.
O'Donnell, Assistant
Director of Pizza
Operations; Ron G.
Williams, South
Central Regional
Manager



Robert K. Chisholm,
Member of
Board of Directors,
Rene Knolla,
Receptionist



Robert E. Cressler,
Vice President Opera-
tions, Tom Rollert,
Research and Develop-
ment and Darrel L. Rolph,
Director of Pizza
Operations.

M. Hal Taylor,
Director Research
and Development



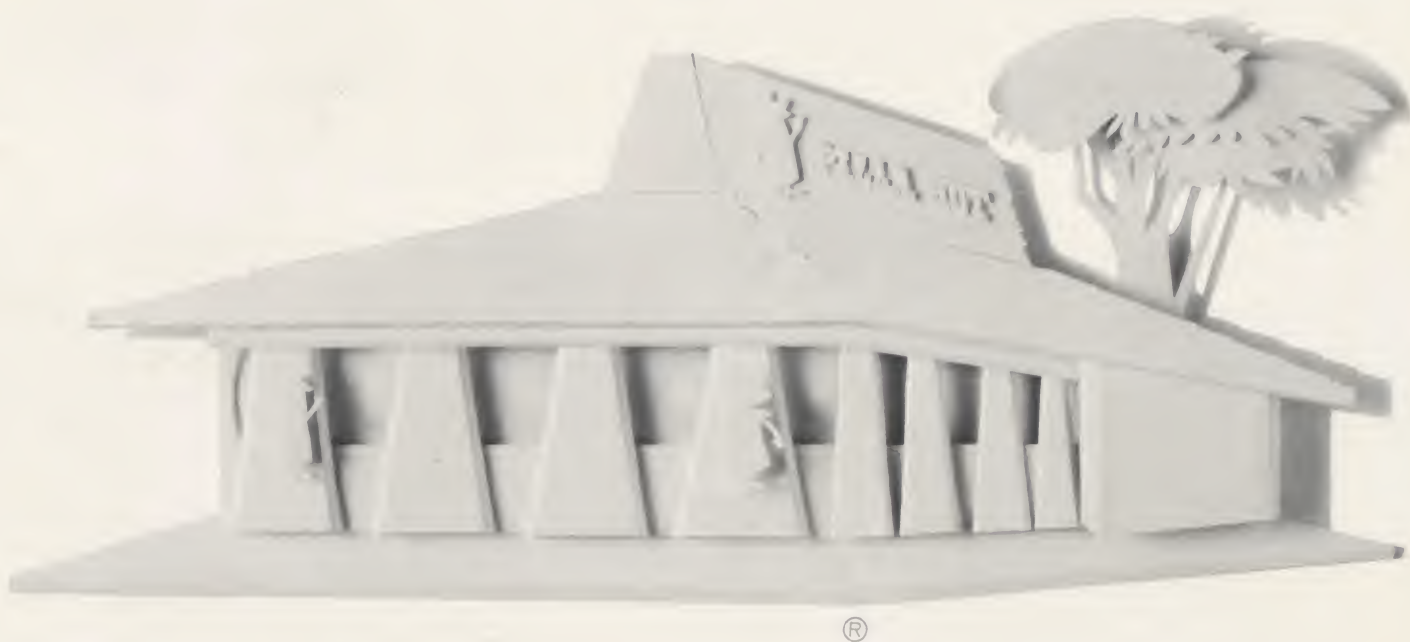
Larry F. Payne, President
J&G Products, Inc.



Kenneth Miller,
Director Franchise,
Frank L. Carney,
President & Chief
Executive Officer

Farris S. Farha, Director
of Administrative
Services and Lois Bird,
Director of Office
Services





Pizza Hut,® Inc.
10225 East Kellogg
Wichita, Kansas 67207